

2023 届高三滚动检测卷(一)

英 语

考生注意:

1. 本试卷分选择题和非选择题两部分。满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 答题前,考生务必用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔将密封线内项目填写清楚。
3. 考生作答时,请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;非选择题请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域书写的答案无效,在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。
4. 本卷命题范围:高考范围。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What is the man going to do?
A. Go downtown. B. Go to a school. C. Pick up his son.
2. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Waiter and customer. B. Boss and secretary. C. Husband and wife.
3. Why is the man going to Charleroi?
A. To promote his works. B. To see his friends. C. To visit a museum.
4. Where does the conversation take place?
A. In a grocery store. B. On a plane. C. In a waiting room.
5. Where does the woman want to work?
A. In a hotel. B. At a school. C. At a restaurant.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. How does the woman know about the best time for Christmas shopping?
A. By asking the man. B. By reading an online article. C. By listening to the radio.
7. What do the speakers agree to do?
A. Give up Christmas plans. B. Go shopping tomorrow. C. Wait in line this morning.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. How did the man eat food at the wedding?
A. By using his hands. B. By using chopsticks. C. By using a spoon and fork.

9. What does the man think of the food at the wedding?

A. Awful.

B. Strange.

C. Tasty.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What does the man expect to do in particular?

A. Go surfing.

B. Hike with the woman.

C. Visit King Arthur's birthplace.

11. Where is Michael's Mount?

A. On the North Coast.

B. On the South Coast.

C. On the West Coast.

12. What is Cornwall?

A. A village.

B. A town.

C. A city.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What is the man best at?

A. Organizing materials.

B. Leading the whole class.

C. Communicating with others.

14. Whom does the man often listen to for advice on teaching skills?

A. His colleagues.

B. His students.

C. His brother.

15. Why does the man choose teaching?

A. It is easy.

B. He loves it.

C. It is well-paid.

16. When did the man become a teacher?

A. At the age of 28.

B. At the age of 38.

C. At the age of 48.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. How long does the news broadcast in Latin last every week?

A. Five minutes.

B. Seven minutes.

C. Thirty minutes.

18. What did Luca Desiata do this month?

A. He published a book.

B. He built a department.

C. He hosted a talk show.

19. Who created some new Latin words in the 1990s?

A. Some language schools.

B. 40 Latin Facebook groups.

C. A top Vatican Latin researcher.

20. What is the talk mainly about?

A. The history of a dead language.

B. Weekly events for Vatican Radio.

C. Efforts to bring Latin back to life.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

Best Books for Teens

The Lovely Bones by Alice Sebold

Some may know this story from the 2009 feature film adaptation starring Saoirse Ronan, Stanley Tucci and Susan Sarandon, but *The Lovely Bones* was first published as a novel seven years earlier. Despite its dark content and hard-hitting introduction, it's a deeply moving story about love, death and acceptance. When 14-year-old Susie Salmon is brutally attacked and killed by her neighbour, she becomes a ghost(幽灵) and watches over her family, friends and

even strangers trying to make peace with her untimely death.

Noughts & Crosses by Malorie Blackman

It's hard to believe that Malorie Blackman's famous series is nearly twenty years old. *Noughts & Crosses* has had a theatre run and is set to air on the BBC this year. Set in a society in which Crosses(black people) rule over Noughts(white people), things take a Romeo and Juliet turn when Nought, Callum and Cross, Sephy fall in love.

Girls in Love by Jacqueline Wilson

This story follows Ellie and her best friends Magda and Nadine, three teenage girls trying to navigate their way through the world, from friendships and family to school and romantic relationships. An honest look at the ups and downs of being a teenager, *Girls in Love* openly discusses loss, love and everything in-between. The beauty of this story lies in the strong sisterhood of these three unique characters. Their adventures continue in *Girls Under Pressure*, *Girls Out Late* and *Girls in Tears*.

The Colour Purple by Alice Walker

Set in the segregated(隔离的) American South of the 1930's, the story follows Celie, a 14-year-old black girl living in poverty, separated from her sister and suffering abuse at the hands of her father. But when the jazz singer Shug Avery comes to stay, Celie discovers friendship, love, faith and more importantly, strength.

21. When was *The Lovely Bones* first published as a novel?

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| A. In 1930. | B. In 1995. |
| C. In 2002. | D. In 2009. |

22. Whose book will be accessible on the BBC as a film this year?

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| A. Alice Sebold's. | B. Malorie Blackman's. |
| C. Jacqueline Wilson's. | D. Alice Walker's. |

23. How does Celie in *The Colour Purple* get strength?

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A. A jazz singer brightens her life. | B. Her three sisters accompany her. |
| C. Her father always encourages her. | D. She goes on adventures as a ghost. |

B

Joe Bagley, a 20-year-old “jungle boy”, has turned his one-bedroom apartment in Loughborough, UK, into an indoor jungle with over 1,400 potted plants.

You can find all sorts of plants growing in Joe Bagley's home. They are everywhere, on the dining table, on bookshelves, even in the bathroom, pretty much wherever there is any spare space that hasn't been occupied by something else. There isn't that much space available—1,400 potted plants into it have made it look like a sort of indoor urban jungle.

“Every room is packed,” the houseplant enthusiast said. “I'm always thinking of new places to put more. I have some plants in here and I don't know where they came from. I can't remember buying them. It's like I have an addiction.”

Joe's love for houseplants started when he was 13, after his grandmother, who lives right across the street, gifted him a cutting of her spider plant. As the South African plant grew and blossomed(开花), so did his love for houseplants.

These days he works in a garden center, spends his free time either caring for his plants or reading articles and studies about them, and claims(声称) to have developed a kind of “sixth sense” when it comes to taking care of them. “I have a sixth sense for knowing when something needs watering. I can just be walking past a plant and I know,” he said.

Through the last seven years, Joe Bagley has accumulated a wealth of plant knowledge, and he recently created his own website, where he publishes all sorts of helpful information for fellow plant enthusiasts and he also answers their questions about plant care. His dream is to one day open his own plant-filled “jungle cafe”, which he describes as his ideal business.

24. What can we know about Joe Bagley’s apartment?

- A. It is messy and dirty.
- B. It is lying in a jungle.
- C. It is filled with plants.
- D. It is a tourist attraction.

25. What does paragraph 4 mainly talk about?

- A. Why Joe Bagley’s grandmother loved plants.
- B. How Joe Bagley fell in love with houseplants.
- C. When Joe Bagley’s gift for gardening showed.
- D. What Joe Bagley loved best about houseplants.

26. Which of the following best describes Joe Bagley regarding plant care?

- A. Creative and determined.
- B. Hardworking but careless.
- C. Optimistic but inactive.
- D. Enthusiastic and professional.

27. Why did Joe Bagley create his own website?

- A. To advertise his “jungle cafe”.
- B. To raise money from others.
- C. To share his plant knowledge.
- D. To do business with gardeners.

C

Ride-sharing services are thought to help to reduce pollution since fewer people use private vehicles and cause carbon dioxide. However, a new study has found that these services result in much more pollution than other kinds of private and public transportation. Ride-sharing trips also draw passengers away from more environmentally-friendly methods of travel, like public transportation, walking or biking, the study found.

Several studies in recent years have suggested that ride-sharing services like Uber and Lyft can worsen traffic problems in cities, which continue to have high rates of private vehicle ownership.

The new study, carried out by the nonprofit group Union of Concerned Scientists, represents an attempt to center on how ride-sharing services affect pollution. The research examined the effects of ride-sharing services on seven of America’s largest cities. Overall, the researchers reported that ride-sharing trips now “result in about 69 percent more climate pollution on average than the trips they replace”. The study notes that the same passengers could have chosen to travel by bus, train, bike, scooter(小型摩托车) or on foot.

One of the big reasons they give for this result is that ride-sharing vehicles are often driven with no passengers in the car. This happens when drivers are either waiting for rider requests, are on the way to pick up passengers or are driving between pickups.

This situation, known as “deadheading” takes up about 42 percent of the ride-sharing driving activity, the study found. The researchers said that “deadheading” results in about 50 percent more carbon dioxide than one person driving in a private vehicle.

The study urges services like Uber and Lyft to increase the number of electric vehicles on the road and to improve connections to public transportation centers. The two companies already operate businesses that offer electric scooters and bikes and have begun to include public transportation information in their systems. In some cities, they have also promoted vehicle electrification.

28. According to the text, it is generally thought that car-sharing services _____.
A. lower the price of private cars
B. guarantee a healthier lifestyle
C. greatly cut down travel expenses
D. are environmentally-friendly
29. What is the biggest cause of more ride-sharing pollution?
A. The so-called “deadheading”.
B. The old way vehicles travel.
C. The huge number of passengers.
D. The unfamiliar ride-sharing trips.
30. What can we say about the study?
A. It is opposed by ride-sharing services.
B. It is actually of practical significance.
C. It requires improving in the long term.
D. It earns much money for Uber and Lyft.
31. From which part of a newspaper is the text most probably taken?
A. Travel.
B. Technology.
C. Economy.
D. Environment.

D

An international team of specialists, led by the University of Bristol, is close to telling secrets about the ancient decorated ostrich(鸵鸟) eggs.

The team, led by Bristol’s Dr. Tamar Hodos, examined ostrich eggs from the British Museum’s collection. Using advanced scanning technology, Dr. Caroline Cartwright, senior scientist at the British Museum could study the eggs’ chemical makeup to pinpoint these luxury(奢侈) goods’ origin and how they were made.

In the study, the researchers describe for the first time the surprisingly complex system behind ostrich egg production. This includes evidence about where the ostrich eggs were sourced, if the ostriches were wild, and how the methods for production were related to techniques and materials in specific areas.

Dr. Hodos and colleagues believe eggs were taken from wild birds’ nests. This was no ordinary egg-hunt—ostriches could be extremely dangerous so there was a huge risk when taking eggs from wild birds. “We also find eggs require time to dry before the shell can be carved and therefore require safe storage. This has effect on economy, since storage needs a long-term investment and this would also add to an egg’s value,” said Dr. Hodos.

Dr. Hodos explained, “We are assessing not only how ancient luxuries were produced but also how they were used. These questions are incredibly important for our own society today, in which the same object may have different social or symbolic meanings. Such knowledge can lead to tolerance and respect in a multi-cultural society. If we can understand these mechanisms in the past, for which we have long-term outcomes in terms of social development, we can use this knowledge to better inform our own society.”

Dr. Caroline Cartwright said, “The British Museum is delighted to cooperate with colleagues at the universities. We look forward to continuing to work with university partners to explore the Museum’s collection.”

32. What is the meaning of the underlined word “pinpoint” in paragraph 2?
A. Hide.
B. Make up.
C. Create.
D. Figure out.
33. What does Dr. Hodos probably think of the ostrich eggs?
A. Their value mostly depends on their storage methods.
B. It isn’t an easy task to make ancient luxury ostrich eggs.
C. Their process of production is simpler than we expected.
D. The methods for their production are impossible to track.

34. Why is it significant to study the ostrich eggs?

- A. It can offer inspiration for today's society.
- B. It can save more ostriches from dying out.
- C. It can help to rebuild a new ancient society.
- D. It can improve the British Museum's status.

35. Which of the following is the best title for the text?

- A. The Origin of Decorated Ostrich Eggs
- B. The Explanation on Wild Ostrich Eggs
- C. The Research on Ancient Ostrich Eggs
- D. The Importance of Luxury Ostrich Eggs

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

A Simple Guide to a Healthy Diet

Here are the healthy foods you should eat more and the unhealthy ones you should eat less.

Eat more nuts and seeds. They have an incredibly powerful mixture of healthy fats, fiber and other important nutrients (营养). 36. For example, they have a wide range of beneficial effects on your livers and on your brain functions as you age. Regularly eating a proper amount of nuts and seeds can also help you stop weight gain.

Eat more fruits and vegetables. It should come as no surprise. And they don't have to be fresh to be healthy. 37. If you can get canned fruits or vegetables that don't have a lot of salt or sugar, that's fine, too.

38. There's about 400% more salt in processed meat than in unprocessed one. The most obvious problem with too much salt is that it raises your blood pressure, which can lead to heart attacks. But if you really love it, you can wash it off with tap water to get rid of the extra salt before it is cooked.

Stay away from sugary drinks. 39. In particular, such sweet drinks are linked to a much higher risk of obesity (肥胖症) and heart attacks.

In short, healthy eating can be easy if you follow this simple rule: 40.

- A. Shy away from salty bacon and sandwich
- B. Reduce the consumption of processed meat
- C. If they don't have a lot of sugar, it would be fine
- D. Such nutrients are very important for your health
- E. If you can get frozen fruits or vegetables, that's great
- F. Stick to eating fresh and green while avoiding too much salt and sugar
- G. Liquid sugar from soda and energy drinks is the worst way to consume sugar

第三部分 语言知识运用 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Abby Fink had accidentally texted the wrong number and her 41 were going to a man named Bill Clayten, rather than her friend, Shaun Jakeman. "Hey, Jakeman, this is Fink. I have 42 dinner for you. What time would be a 43 time to bring it over?" the text read. Clayten 44 replied, "Oooh! What're you bringing me? I'm allergic to seafood."

When she realized she texted the wrong number, Fink 45 that the text was meant for Shaun Jakeman, whose four-year-old son Noah was 46. Jakeman was driving Noah to a doctor for a follow-up 47 regarding his broken ankle when he suffered a seizure (突然发

作)。Clayten then 48 to Fink, asking, “How can I help?” Clayten told Fink he was a single father and that helping a family 49 would be a teachable moment for his own 50, who was also four. Clayten turned to Facebook to share the 51 he had with Fink and encouraged his friends to help the Jakeman family. He also 52 a website to raise money for the family and got in touch with Armer Foundation for Kids, who could offer further 53.

“I was blown away. He doesn’t 54 us at all and the fact that he not only offered to help but actually backed that offer with 55 is amazing,” Jakeman told Fink. “I told Bill, ‘I don’t know if you believe in God, but I believe you were 56 here to help this family.’ I told him he was as 57 as an angel,” Fink said.

Noah is getting 58, but he still has a long way to go to 59. Jakeman is making a 60 with Clayten so that Clayten can meet Noah.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 41. A. tests | B. dreams | C. diaries | D. messages |
| 42. A. ruined | B. eaten | C. prepared | D. cancelled |
| 43. A. useful | B. suitable | C. strange | D. real |
| 44. A. jokingly | B. luckily | C. gratefully | D. sadly |
| 45. A. convinced | B. imagined | C. explained | D. suspected |
| 46. A. rude | B. sick | C. ugly | D. foolish |
| 47. A. certificate | B. finding | C. celebration | D. appointment |
| 48. A. responded | B. apologized | C. pointed | D. applied |
| 49. A. at cost | B. in need | C. at fault | D. in order |
| 50. A. brother | B. wife | C. son | D. friend |
| 51. A. debate | B. bargain | C. business | D. exchange |
| 52. A. set up | B. broke into | C. turned down | D. looked over |
| 53. A. knowledge | B. luggage | C. help | D. negotiation |
| 54. A. charge | B. value | C. punish | D. know |
| 55. A. action | B. regret | C. curiosity | D. advice |
| 56. A. limited | B. sent | C. forced | D. forbidden |
| 57. A. kind | B. rich | C. creative | D. smart |
| 58. A. taller | B. better | C. faster | D. wiser |
| 59. A. agree | B. forget | C. perform | D. recover |
| 60. A. notebook | B. phone | C. plan | D. list |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

What’s a smart home? Imagine a home 61 your bed is equipped with sensors that detect any signs of ill health. Collected data gets shared across different home devices and reminds you to take care of your health. In the near future, we will be able to live in such a smart home.

So far, Cox Communications, a cable-TV(有线电视) operator, 62 (design) a super smart home for seniors, which is called the Connected Independence. A strong Internet connection is central to the home, and 63 company also provides a network for other service providers. Not only is equipment remotely controlled, but this home also has direct connections to family members and doctors. In the smart home, many 64 (activity) that are important to independent living are monitored, and assistance 65 (provide) whenever necessary. If a person has a fall, his/her family will be informed 66 (instant). What’s

more, smart home solutions are often designed 67 caregivers in mind. The digital healthcare industry is now offering new ways of dealing with staff shortages and busy schedules. Assistive medical robots are used 68 (replace) caregivers.

However, this doesn't mean that a well-managed smart home can totally replace hospital care because some seniors are required to receive efficient face-to-face 69 (treat) which is necessary when they're seriously sick. But connected home health should be encouraged as it brings benefits, including offering timely care as well as 70 (reduce) health expenses greatly in many situations.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

A Life Lie is a story we believe about ours lives, which lets us ignoring reality and focus on a bright future. I first knew about it from a play, the main character of whom is an extremely unlucky man name Hjalmar. His family lives a poorly life. However, Hjalmar is happy because of he has created a beautiful Life Lie. He truly believes he'll invent amazing machine and use it to make his family wealthy. Each day, he is away alone for several hour, possibly working on the invention. Each day, he came back in high spirits, believing he's on the way to completing the invention but improving his family's life.

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

假定你是李华,新冠肺炎(COVID-19)疫情爆发期间在英国作交换生并得到了英国好友 Tom 及其家人的关照。现在你已回到国内,请你给他写一封电子邮件,内容包括:

- 1. 告知近况;
- 2. 表达感谢;
- 3. 给予祝愿。

注意:1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。
