全国名校高中模块单元检测示范卷・英语(一)

必修第二册 人教版 (Unit 1)

(本卷满分 150 分)

笙-	-部分	听力(共两节	滞分	30	分)
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第一节 (共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

C. By car.

1. How does the man go to work?

A. By bus. B. On foot.

2. What is the weather like now?

A. Windy. B. Rainy. C. Snowy.

3. Where does the conversation take place?

A. At home, B. In the meeting room, C. In the office,

4. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. A girl. B. A photo. C. Flowers.

5. What is the woman's hobby?

A. Swimming. B. Taking pictures. C. Gardening.

第二节 (共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. How fast is the man driving?

A, At 65 mph. B, At 75 mph. C. At 85 mph.

7. What will the man do next?

A. Drive slowly. B. Call the police. C. Stop the car.

听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。

8. Where was the cat a few minutes ago?

A, On the sofa, B. In the kitchen, C. In the garden,

9. Who is Jane?

A. The man's wife. B. The speakers' daughter. C. The speakers' neighbor.

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

10. What does the man dislike about the flat?

A. The price, B. The position, C. The environment,

11. What does the woman say about the flat on Fifth Avenue?

A. It is more convenient.

B. It is more popular.

C. It is cheaper.

12. What will the man do this afternoon?

A. Visit a dentist, B. See another flat, C. Meet the woman,

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. Where has the man just been?

A. To the office. B.

B. To a restaurant. C. To a bank.

14. Who did the man want to meet?

A. Mr. Tigers.

B. Miss Bradley.

C. Mr. Powell.

15. Where was the card actually?

A. In the wallet.

B. On the desk.

C. On the floor.

16. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Waitress and customer.

B. Boss and secretary.

C. Guest and host.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What was Louise's first job?

A. A secretary.

B. A bank clerk.

C. A travel agent.

18. What did Louise do in the first year of her college?

A. She learned to make clothes.

B. She studied the history of design.

C. She worked in a large clothes shop.

19. What made Louise happiest in the final show?

A. Working with her classmates.

B. Meeting some famous people.

C. Her parents' visit to her works.

20. What is Louise's dream?

A. To become very rich.

B. To be famous in clothes designing.

C. To start a children's clothes business.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节 (共15小颗:每小颗2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

There are thousands of websites out there designed specifically for learning new skills, and to help students with exams.

Gocongr

What makes this website unique is the mind map. When you create a map, it allows you to see how things are connected. This helps with both memorization and understanding. The website also has a lot of other helpful features like flashcards, a note-taking platform, study planner, and a way to track how much you're learning.

Evernote

Studying can cover several different platforms, but with Evernote, all of your notes, information and research can be together in one place. This website can sync(同步) your information across computers and phones, share with other users, and create all from one central platform. Evernote can be used in a lot of ways like keeping your information in order and organizing notes.

Studyblue

Studyblue connects students through similar learning goals and subjects, allowing them to share flashcards, study guides and more. Studyblue can even connect students in specific classes, letting them message each other. The website also has a library, class-based study guides and a real-time self-assessing score that tracks your progress on a subject. With free mobile apps, Studyblue can be taken on the go.

Khan Academy

Khan Academy is another amazing option for those who want to learn more outside the classroom. This free resource

presents you with class options. You can find information on basic geometry, electrical engineering, organic chemistry, microeconomics, personal finance and more. 21. Which website can help students remember things? B. Studyblue. C. Gocongr. D. Evernote. A. Khan Academy. 22. What feature does Studyblue have? A. It can create a mind map. B. It can be taken everywhere. C. It can make information organized. D. It can offer different courses. 23. What can students use Khan Academy to do? A. Focus on what they have learned. B. Share information with others. C. Keep in touch with each other. D. Learn about personal finance. В The Irish have celebrated St. Patrick's Day on March 17 every year for over 1,000 years. On this day, Irish families would attend church in the morning and celebrate in the afternoon, Patrick, born in the UK, was brought to Ireland at the age of 16. He was thought to bring Christianity to its people. During the centuries after Patrick's death that is believed to be on March 17,461, the story of his life became popular in the Irish culture. However, the first St. Patrick's Day parade(游行) took place not in Ireland but in America. Records show that a St. Patrick's Day parade was held on March 17, 1601 in Florida. More than a century later, homesick Irish soldiers serving in the English army marched in New York City on March 17, 1772 to honor the Irish saint(孝人). Interest in the St. Patrick's Day parades in New York City, Boston and other early American cities grew from there. In 1848, several New York Irish societies decided to unite their parades to form one official New York City St. Patrick's Day Parade, Today, the parade is the world's oldest parade and the largest in the United States. Each year, nearly 3 million people watch the parade, which takes more than five hours. In 2020, the New York City parade was one of the first major city events that were canceled as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic(流行病) and people are still not allowed to attend it this year. Although North America is home to the largest one, St. Patrick's Day is also celebrated around the world, including Japan, Singapore and Russia, In 1995, the Irish government began to use interest in St. Patrick's Day to drive tourism and show Ireland and Irish culture to the rest of the world. 24. What nationality was St. Patrick? A. French. B. English. C. Irish. D. American. 25. What does paragraph 3 mainly talk about? A. The meaning of St. Patrick's Day. B. The result of the COVID-19 pandemic. C, The life of St, Patrick, D. The history of St. Partick's Day parade in the USA.

A. To show the Irish culture.

B. To remember a famous person.

C. To tell a story.

D. To introduce a festival.

26. What does the underlined word "canceled" in paragraph 4 probably mean?

B. Left alone.

A. Applied for.

27. What is the purpose of this text?

C. Stopped.

D. Expected.

On Wednesday, The International Olympic Committee (IOC) voted to change the way host cities or countries are chosen. According to the new rules, the Olympics may be hosted in several cities or countries at the same time. Host cities may be invited or they may be chosen even without competition.

The change came after the IOC, which is based in Lausanne, Switzerland, has been angered by recent public votes in Canada that refused to hold the Olympics after they had been awarded the right to host the Games. Now, the IOC wants cities and countries to show public support before being invited to host the games.

"We cannot continue to be damaged as we have in the past," IOC member John Coates said. He presented the changes, some of which have already been tested in the 2026 Winter Games competition.

On Monday, Milan and Cortina in northern Italy beat a joint offer(提议) by Stockholm, Sweden and Are, Latvia, for the 2026 Winter Games. Northern Italy's public showed strong support for the Games, IOC studies showed.

Future Olympic cities will be required to use existing and temporary(临时的) sports places. Costly building projects will not be encouraged in order to lower the burdens on the hosting countries and their people who often face higher taxes.

In fact, there might be no competition at all. The new process will create two Olympic committees—each for Summer and Winter Games—that will choose one or more countries. If there is more than one country competing for the Games, they would be permitted to be joint hosts at the same time. IOC President Thomas Bach said that IOC wants to avoid "too many losers".

He also said IOC will not make the process difficult, and guarantees(保证金) will not be required long before the Games.

"Once you make a decision on the host city, millions of people start to make bussiness plans based on that and hundreds of millions of dollars will be spent," he added.

- 28. The IOC's new rules require that countries or cities have to . .
 - A. give guarantees long before the Games
 - B, join other countries or cities to host the Olympics
 - C. compete with other countries or cities to host the Games
 - D. get public support before they are selected to host the Olympics
- 29. What can we learn from paragraph 2?
 - A. The Swiss have been angered by IOC recently.
 - B. Canada was not invited to compete for the Olympics.
 - C. Lausanne has been awarded the right to host the next Olympics.
 - D. Canada refused to host the Olympics already awarded to it.
- 30. Which country will hold the 2026 Winter Games?

A. Italy, B. Sweden, C. Latvia, D. Demark,

- 31. What does Thomas Bach imply in the text?
 - A. Guarantees are still necessary.
 - B. The changes will cause too many losers.
 - C. The Olympics are too costly for the host cities.
 - D. He is worried about the losses suffered by the businessmen.

D

A group of scientists are hurrying to document and protect the ancient ruins along Puerto Rico's coasts. They are working as fast as they can before rising sea levels destroy a large part of the island's history.

The work started in August 2017. With the help of 3D imaging and other advanced technologies, the scientists have explored a large piece of land along Puerto Rico's north coast and identified an ancient ceremonial(仪式的) center used by the Taino Indians. About 2,000 years ago, the Tainoes lived on many islands in the Caribbean Sea. But after the arrival of Christopher Columbus and other Europeans, they were all killed.

Scientists also found a large living place just in the east of the site, which is seriously endangered by rising sea levels and other natural disasters. Puerto Rico's Department of Natural Resources has said the sea level around the island is rising by more than 3 mm every year.

However, climate change has more immediate effects. These include the destruction of the Puerto Rico coastline and natural habitats by storms.

Warmer temperatures in the Caribbean increase the number and strength of storms and Puerto Rico faces the possibility of storms every year for six months during the Atlantic hurricane season. Hurricane Maria had already washed away part of its history.

Scientists are now trying to find out how badly the hurricanes and loss of land have affected the heritage site they are studying. Eric Lo is an engineer who flew to Puerto Rico in August 2017 to start the project one month before Maria struck the island. Lo was surprised at what he saw when he returned months later.

"Pieces of land where I stood do not exist anymore. They are underwater," he said.

32. Where did the scientists find the ancient Taino Indians' living place?

A. Under the Caribbean Sea.

B. In a European country.

C. On Puerto Rico's north coast.

D. Along Puerto Rico's east coast.

33. Why had the Tainoes disappeared from the islands in the Caribbean Sea?

A. They were killed by the Europeans.

B. They were destroyed by Hurricane Maria,

C. They were driven away by rising sea levels.

D. They were moved away by their government.

34. What surprised Eric Lo when he returned to Puerto Rico?

A. More loss of land.

B. A ceremonial center.

C. The number of storms.

D. The history of the island.

35. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?

A. The Obvious Effects of Global Climate Change

B. Efforts to Protect Puerto Rico's Coastal Heritage

C. New Discoveries of Ancient Taino Indians' Ruins D. Technologies Used to Identify the Ancient Ruins

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Why do more and more people show interest in cultural heritage(遗产) these days? <u>36</u> Maybe it's because technology has made it easier to learn about our ancestors(祖先). Here's a list of several ways to connect you with your cultural heritage.

If you aren't sure where your ancestors are from, a DNA test can be a good way. Companies like Family Tree DNA will sell you a testing box that teaches you what to do. __37__ There have been concerns about the safety—your DNA information sold to companies without asking you. If a DNA test isn't your cup of tea, you can try several other ways.

One of the most enjoyable ways to learn about your family tree is sitting down with an older relative to chat about it. Talk in person with a grandparent, great-grandparent, or any other family member who's been around long enough to tell you about the past. 38

39 So one way to bridge the gap between your family's past and present is to cook a traditional meal. If your ancestors are from Italy, you can learn how to host an Italian dinner party. Invite some relatives to share your common heritage over a meal.

Learning a language is a unique way to connect with your ancestors and culture. 40 Once you've known the language of your ancestors, you may want to get in touch with your heritage by picking up the basics of that language.

A. Food is part of your cultural heritage.

- B. This is a great way to learn about your ancestors.
- C. You generally get your test results within a few weeks.
- D. It can also let you meet new people and have more experiences.

- E. Food can help you feel like you're truly experiencing that culture.
- F. People are eager to learn as much about our ancestors as possible.
- G. Perhaps they want to have a sense of belonging in our globalized world.

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Michaela Clovis is a neighbor of mine. Last year, one of her 41 made fun of her hair. "She said it doesn't look right and doesn't match my skin," said Michaela. Michaela is Irish, German, Native American, and African American. She has pale skin and reddish yellow 42, but she is not white.

Soon, a few classmates <u>43</u> the teasing (嘲笑). Michaela said she felt "small and alone". But she stopped the teasing without getting <u>44</u>. Here's how she did it.

First, Michaela talked to her parents. Her mother, Donna, told Michaela's teacher and also <u>45</u> that Michaela not face the teasing alone. Next, Donna told Michaela about the <u>46</u> people in her family, and their love for each other. She taught her that people of all races are <u>47</u>.

"Everyone's skin or hair color is beautiful and you have to <u>48</u> that for yourself. You have to learn to be confident and <u>49</u> in your own skin and hair. <u>50</u> what your classmates say, as it's just a period most kids <u>51</u> picking on others because they are 'different'! Just don't let it get to you and you'll be okay! Be proud of who you are and love yourself for being a <u>52</u> and generous human being," Michaela's mother said.

This made Michaela feel 53. After that, Michaela was more confident. The next time she was teased, Michaela said, "I know that I'm 54 race, but I'm proud of it." She stuck to that answer until the testing 55 ended.

41. A. classmates	B. players	C. singers	D. customers
42. A. ears	B. head	C. hands	D. hair
43. A. practiced	B. joined	C. observed	D. dreamed
44. A. angry	B. happy	C. active	D. serious
45. A. asked	B. suggested	C. told	D. organized
46. A. informal	B. amazing	C. energetic	D. different
47. A. beautiful	B. intelligent	C. honest	D. nervous
48. A. influence	B. believe	C. afford	D. argue
49. A. powerful	B. curious	C. attractive	D. comfortable
50. A. Doubt	B. Convince	C. Forget	D. Discover
51. A. go through	B. break up	C. put off	D. look into
52. A. colorful	B. humorous	C. famous	D. kind
53. A. better	B. braver	C. more excited	D. more awful
54. A. requested	B. affected	C. mixed	D. hurt
55. A. rapidly	B. occasionally	C. briefly	D. finally

选择题答题栏

题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
答案																				
题号	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
答案																				
题号	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55					
答案																				

阅读下面短文	,在空白处填入1个适当	当的单词或括号内单词	同的正确形式。		
The South Pol	le is the southernmost p	oint on the earth and	56(locate) on th	e continent of Antarctica	. It has two
seasons—summer a	and winter, and receives	s no sunlight at all _	57 May 11 to Aug	gust 1. The South Pole	has a deser
climate, almost ne	ver receiving any rain w	ith an average summe	r temperature of -28	°C and an average winter	temperature
of −60°C.					
The first expe	dition(探险队)58_(reach) the South Pole	e was led by the Norw	vegian explorer Roald Am	nundsen. H
and four <u>59</u> (o	ther) arrived at the pol	e on December 14, 19	911, five weeks ahead	l of a British party <u>60</u>	(lead) by
Robert Falcon Scot	t. His team <u>61</u> (saf	e) returned to their b	ase, and later heard t	hat Scott and his four co	mpanions(
伴) <u>62</u> (die) o	n their return journey. l	t was not until Octob	er 31, 1956 when Am	erican George J. Dufek w	ith his party
landed there in an	aircraft <u>63</u> humans	once again set foot or	the South Pole.		
The first 64	(fly) over the South l	Pole in a hot air balloo	n was made by Ivan A	ndré Trifonov from Aust	ria. He flied
14,934m over the	South Pole with his two	Spanish members on	January 8,2000 in a h	ot air balloon. The first	eyclist to the
South Pole is Maria	a Leijerstam from Britair	n, <u>65</u> set out from	n the Ross Ice Shelf in	Antarctica on December	17, 2013 or
her tricycle. She re	eached the South Pole 10	days later, having c	overed 638km.		
56	57 .	58 .	59.	60	
61	62 .	63	64	65	
Calligraphy Exhibit 1. 书法展的时 2. 主要活动。 注意:1. 写作词数质	tion)。内容包括: 间和地点;		封 信,返 谓 他 参 加 你	校举办的新春书法展(th	e New Tea.
					-

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

第二节 (满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Eliot Middleton is a restaurant owner and he is also a trained mechanic(机修工). When he isn't busy cooking in his restaurant, he is fixing broken cars in his yard. For seventeen years, Eliot worked with his father in his mechanic shop. Eliot started to help those in need in his community after the sudden death of his father. Most of the people Eliot helped were single mothers, the old and the unemployed(失业的) who needed reliable(可靠的) transportation.

Repaired used cars were hard to find and expensive. This made life difficult for families who lived in the community where public transportation was hard to get. They had limited choices of where and how they could travel. When their cars broke down, they often found themselves unable to afford a new one right away. They must depend on others for travel. They lacked the freedom to visit relatives, go to job interviews, attend medical appointments and sometimes even get to work.

"There is no public transportation or taxis," said Eliot, describing his South community. "They can't walk $40 \sim 60$ miles to do great jobs, so they have to do small jobs that pay well below what they need to survive," he noted.

His goal was to help those who were seeking better opportunities but found that a lack of reliable transportation held them back. He said his community was filled with good and hard-working people often forgotten by society. He wondered how to find a way to combine his love of cars with helping others.

注意:1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;

2. 请按如下格式在相应位置作答。

The idea for his work came one day when his restaurant joined in a local food drive.
The car repair cost came from either his own pocket or fundraising(募捐).